

**B.Tech. V-Sem. (Main & Back) Examination, January/February - 2024**  
**Artificial Intelligence and Data Science**  
**5AID4-05 Analysis of Algorithm**  
**CS, IT, AID, CAI, CIT, CDS, CSD, CCS**

**Time : 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks : 70**

**Instructions to Candidates:**

*Attempt all Ten questions from Part A, Five questions out of Seven questions from Part B and Three questions out of Five questions from Part C.*

*Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data you feel missing suitably be assumed and stated clearly. Units of quantities used/calculated must be stated clearly.*

*Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination. (Mentioned form No.205)*

**PART - A**

**(Answer should be given up to 25 words only).**

**All questions are compulsory.**

**(10×2=20)**

- ✓ 1. What is knapsack problem? Define two variants of Knapsack problem.
- ✓ 2. Difference between Dynamic Programming and Greedy Method.
- ✓ 3. What do you understand by Approximation Algorithm? Give two examples of Approximation Algorithm.
- ✓ 4. Give recurrence relation for Merge Sort and solve the recurrence to find its time complexity.
- ✓ 5. What do you mean by Pattern Matching? Name any two pattern matching Algorithms.
- ✓ 6. State Cook's Theorem.
- ✓ 7. What is Minimum Spanning Tree? Name any two algorithm used to find Minimum Spanning Tree.
- ✓ 8. Define Time complexity with its Notation
- ✓ 9. Order the following time complexities in increasing order  
 $n, 2^n, \log_2 n, 1, 3^n, n \log_2 n, n^3$
- ✓ 10. Define lower Bound Theory.

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**PART - B**  
(Analytical/Problem solving questions)  
Attempt any Five questions.

(5×4=20)

1. Solve the following recurrence relation and find complexity using Master's method.

a)  $T(n) = 4T(\sqrt{n}) + \lg^5 n$  {lg means  $\log_2$ }

b)  $T(n) = T\left(\frac{9n}{10}\right) + n$

2.  $A = \langle a c b a e d \rangle$ ,  $B = \langle a b c a d f \rangle$  If D is an LCS of A and B then find D using dynamic programming.

3. Explain Best case, Average case and worst case running time of Quick Sort.

4. Use Strassen's Matrix multiplication to compute matrix product.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 7 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. What do you understand by Randomized Algorithm? explain Las Vegas and Monte Carlo Algorithm.

6. Why Huffman code is better than fixed length code? Find Huffman code corresponding to following character and its frequencies.

Character	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
Frequency	37	18	29	13	30	17	6

7. Explain use of prefix function in KMP string matching algorithm with an example

**PART - C**  
(Descriptive/Analytical/Problem Solving/Design question)

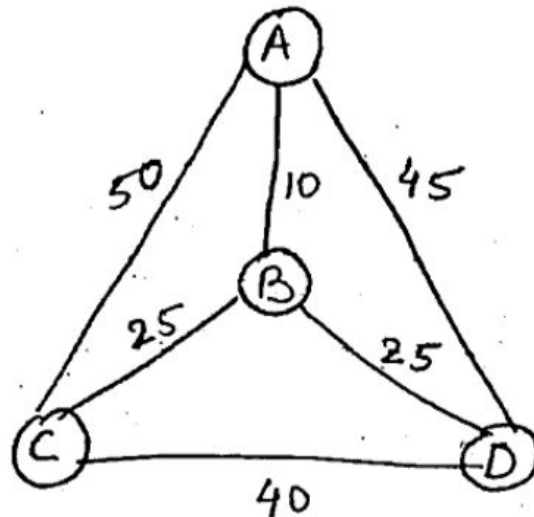
Attempt any Three questions.

(3×10=30)

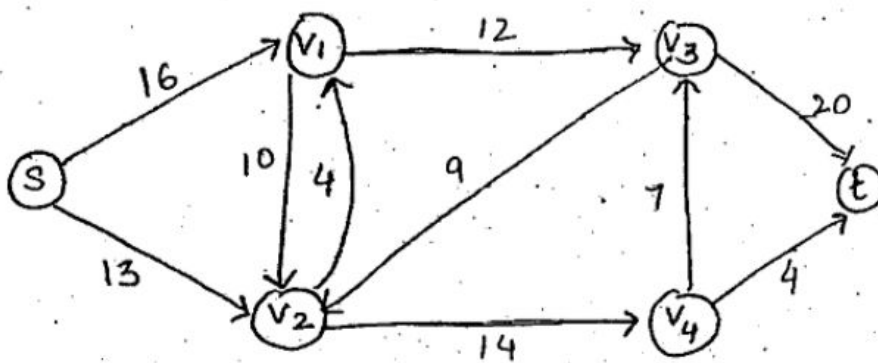
1. Find the optimal paranthesization of matrix chain product whose sequence of dimension is (30, 1, 40, 10, 25).

2. What is backtracking? Write an algorithm for solving n-queen problem. trace it for N=6 using backtracking approach.

3. Solve Travelling Salesman Problem (TSP) having following cost matrix using branch and bound method.



4. Explain multicommodity flow problem and solve the following flow network for finding maximum flow.



5. Define the terms P, NP, NP complete and NP-hard problems. Prove that 3-SAT is NP complete problem.
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